# ORGANISATION PROFILE



## MADANI WELFARE ASSOCIATION

Regd. Address: At- Danogahir, Po- Pipili, Dist.- Puri. Pin-752104 State- Odisha. Country- India.Pin-752104. Contact No. +919178551144, +919437001686.

Email: madaniwelfare@gmail.com, mawa1@rediffmail.com.

Website: www.madaniwelfare.org

## **ORGANISATION PROFILE**

Name of the Organisation	Madani Welfare Association
Regd. Address	At: Danogahir, Po: Pipili, Dist: Puri. Odisha. India.
Administrative Office	Plot no.1928, Ground Floor,Binori Nagar, Near Pallavi Mandap. Jharpada. Bhubaneswar. Odisha.INDIA.
Contact No.	+919178551144, +919437001686
Email	madaniwelfare@gmail.com, mawa1@rediffmail.com
Website	www.madaniwelfare.org
Chief Functionary	Mr. Md Afser Ali, Secretary
Organisation Legalstatus	SRA-Registration No. 2708-107 of 1991-92  Date of Registration: 5 <sup>th</sup> Sept, 1991  (Indian Societies Act XXI of 1860)  12A: 12A/45/93-94
FCRA Registration No.	105020166 on 19/03/1998 (Foreign Contribution Regulation Act 1971) 105020166 renewed on 01/11/2016 (Foreign Contribution Regulation Act 2010)
NITI AAYOG REGISTRATION No.	OR/2009/0003519
PAN No.	AAATM3470G
BANK DETAILS	NAME: MADANI WELFARE ASSOCIATION A/C No.006101053791. ICICI BANK, UNIT III OPP. SRIYA TALKIES
	BHUBANESWAR  MAIN BRANCHBHUBANESWAR  IFSC CODE: ICIC0000061

## **OUR HISTORY**

### 1986

Madani welfare association was established formally in the name of Muslim fund to mobilize people for saving and to give interest free loan to the needy and poor people for different activities. Initially fund was raised from the family members of Md. Afser Ali, the founder and chief functionary of the organization. Maulana Abdul hamid and Md. Kausar Ali also co-operated in this noble cause.

#### 1991 - 1992

In the year 1991-92 the nomenclature of the organization was changed and it became MADANI WELFARE ASSOCIATION (MAWA) in place of Muslim fund and was legally registered under society registration Act of XXI Of 1860 with 25 members in the General Body and 11 members in Managing committee vide SRA registration no.2708-107/1991-92.

## 1993 - 1994

The organization was registered under Income Tax Act 1961 under 12(A) for exemption under income tax to the organization.

#### 1998 - 2000

The year 1998 is rememberable for inclusion in FCRA list vide its REGD.NO. 105020166. On 19th March 1998.

It has been more than 30 years since the inception of the idea turning into reality. And more than 25 years since the organisation got legal recognition.

We strive to continue our noble work and take the organisation to greater heights which in turn will benefit the poor and needy people of our society.

#### FROM THE DESK OF THE SECRETARY AND CHIEF FUNCTIONARY

It is my great pleasure to sum up the facts and figures drawn from the records available with organization. I hereby present you the organisation profile of Madani Welfare Association.

Madani Welfare Association (MAWA) has been working with two diversified communities in Coastal and the tribal districts. In exercising control over various factors governing development of a given area and population, one has to take many a things into consideration in order to at least; ensure optimized level of desirable and planned results.

MAWA has been focusing its projects for the socially, educationally & economically backward and down trodden peoples in the State of Odisha. Presently the main attention is for the development of educational standard of the dropout children of Minority Communities in Orissa & Jharkhand.

In the field of water & sanitation we have been working with District Water Sanitation Missions, Sunnah Educational & Charitable Trust, Bhatkal, India and Muslim Global Relief (UK), Water Aid (UK), IDRF (CANADA), RABIYA BASRI TRUST (Karnataka), UNICEF, Health & Family Welfare Department Govt. of Odisha, NCPUL Govt. of India NMDFC Govt. of India, NABARD Govt. of Odisha etc in the State of Odisha.

Also, we have worked extensively with different national and International Organisations in diversified fields.

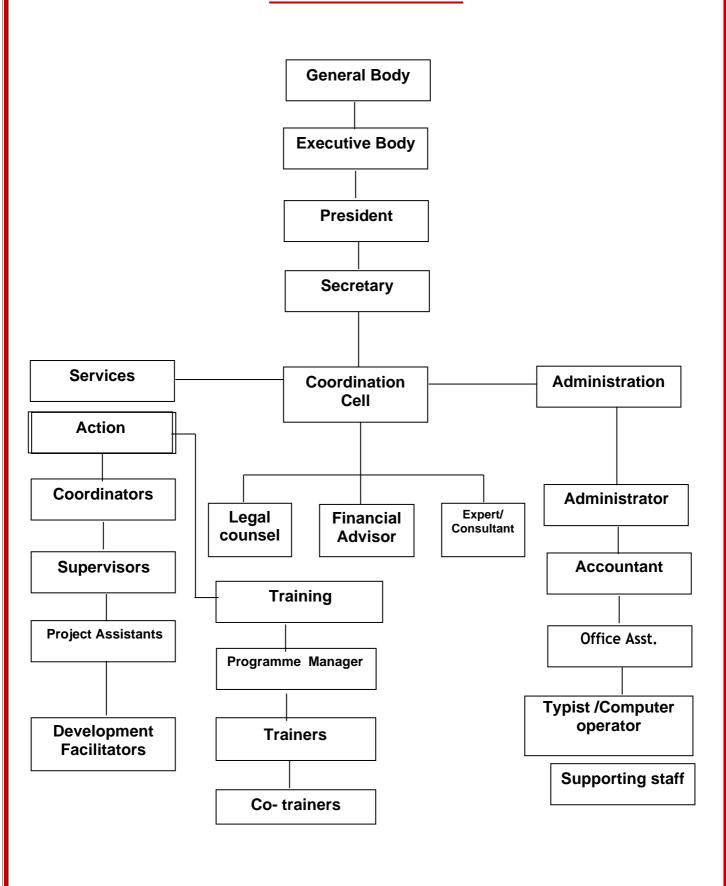
It is a great opportunity for me to extend my heartfelt thanks to our partner organizations, social activists, government institutions, and NGOs.

Again I request all the like-minded organizations to come forward to build a cheerful and prosperous society.

Regards,

Secretary

## **ORGANOGRAM**



## **OUR WORK EXPERIENCE**

Since, our inception we have worked extensively with various national and International Organizations in diversified fields.

## A.EDUCATION

## 1. Danogahir Girls High School

Located at Danogahir, Po- Pipili. Dist- Puri. Established in 1996 was functioning as an only girls' school from class 1 to class 10<sup>th</sup> under Odisha State Boards. The school was running with a faculty strength of 5 teachers and around 30 students were studying in the school.

Over the years the students performed exceedingly well which encouraged us to strive for more. Thus, an idea was generated to build a Co-Educational School with an increase in capacity.

The School was run by the organization without any funding from outside. The entire funds for the running the school was generated through own family funds of the chief functionary.



External faculty giving lecture to the students

## 2. DAV Gurukul School

Located at Danogahir, Pipili, Puri. Established on 2013. The franchise is obtained from DAV. The school is functioning as a Co-Educational English Medium school from class LKG to 10<sup>th</sup>. This school is the result of a thoughtful idea to convert the existing Danogahir Girls High School into a full-fledged Co-Educational English Medium School to cater to the needs of the rising population of the adjoining areas.

Currently, there are a total of 150 students and 15 numbers of faculty in the school. The school is catering to the needs of the adjoining areas and there is scope for more improvement and expansion.



DAV GURUKUL, MAIN ENTRANCE



**VIEW OF DAV GURUKUL** 



Annual Function - 2019 of DAV GURUKUL

<u>Chief guest: Hon'ble Minister Shri Pradeep Maharathy and other dignitaries</u>



**Annual Sports Event at DAV GURUKUL** 



DAV GURUKUL, Students with faculty members behind

## 3. Vocational Education & Training

NCPUL-NIELIT Centre Code: 310004

Diploma in CABA-MDTP (Computer Application and Business Accounting), a programme under NCPUL-NIELIT through which students studying in higher secondary were imparted skill training programme which helped them in future employment.

Started in 2007 and continued till 2018 we have graduated about 900 students since its inception.

The entire course fees were born by our organization so that the poor and needy can study the course.



Students getting practical training in the computer lab

### B. HEALTHCARE

Access to high quality free healthcare should not be viewed as a luxury. In many parts of the world easily preventable and treatable diseases are causing death and long term suffering to millions. We believe that good health is essential for the survival and economic self-sufficiency of individuals and their communities.

We provide emergency relief in conflict situations as well as developing longer-term wellbeing initiatives. We develop health awareness programmes on AIDS ,Malaria etc.. Our long term approach to health care provision aims to give communities a real chance of future success.

MAWA's initiative in the field of health & hygiene is highly commendable for which different health camps were organized in remote villages during natural calamities like flood & cyclone. Malaria Eradication Programme, Maternity Waiting Home and AVD Programme has been going on in the district of Sundargarh & Rayagada T.I. Project with the assistance of OSACS Govt. of Odisha in Kuarmunda Block of Sundergarh Distinct. Health camps street theater etc. were organized in the project area for prevention of HIV Aids, Malaria & Dengue etc .In the 2012 year with the assurance of national health mission Odisha the MAA GRUHA Project for the pre -medical care of the pregnant women are being implemented at chandrapur in the district of Rayagada. Swasta Samukhya Project has been launched in this financial year at chandrapur block Rayagada. A charitable Health Care center at Danogahir Pipli, Puri has been running since last NINE years.

## 1. AIDS CONTROL PROGRAMME (OSACS GOVT. OF ODISHA)

Madani Welfare Association TI project achieved up to last year totally contact target group new contact- 5237 (Male -4443 & Female -794) and given repeat services - 18339 (Male -16766 Female -1563) in-migrant labours and counselling near about 4070 migrant labours an also done 3975 numbers one to group discussion and also done so many programmes like street play ,health camp and congregation event among migrant labours etc. Our TI Project in last year through one to one contact and one to group session achieved to change their risk behaviour of the target group because so many target group trough the one to one contact and group discussion getting some knowledge about the HIV/AIDS and there try to change their high risk behaviour activities. Through outreach clinical services no. of 112 STI patients also found and treated as per their need this type of outreach clinical services again arranged at every particular hot spot and covering near about 180 general health camps arranged in project area to the in-migrant labours. that's why definitely STI patients also find out and give proper treatment so that is betterment for target group and also general people.

Through the mid-media activates our TI project office arranged street play in different hotspot's and public places so that this type of programme directly effect to the target group and general people for awareness about the HIV/AIDS. because at the time of every street play programme so many audience give their feedback they gain more knowledge about the cause of HIV/AIDS and how can free HIV testing done at ICTC,F-ICTC and field level .

So that this type of programme arranged at other area again that is definitely aware among both target group and general people. Due to the time of awareness programme many peoples were asking questions related to HIV/AIDS and suggested that it was the best way of awareness among the people.

Near about twenty thousands of people awarded thorough the midmedia programme and outreach clinical services.

We arranged advocacy meeting with the Labour officers, district administrative officer, Labour contractor's, plant owner's, securities, labour colony owners, Police, Transport agencies, Dhaba owner's and workers and passing agents, local PRI members etc. They said that it is the best way for the target group how the programme will smoothly running and how to the target group's will be get better services.

Goal is to arrest the spread of STD/HIV infection among 10000 **IN- MIGRANT LABOURS** associated high risk population along the Highway area it's surrounding Districts of sundargarh, Odisha.



Health Camp by on site Doctor



Awareness Programme by Organisation Staff



**WORLD AIDS DAY** 



WORLD AIDS DAY

#### 2. MAA GRUHA PROJECT, RAYAGADA

It is a temporary home for expectant mothers where they can wait for safe delivery. This project was done in tribal areas of western Odisha. On Onset of labour they are to be shifted to nearby health care facilty for delivery.

Health checkup of expectant mother at the centre. Recreation facilities etc.

- Community mobilization.
- Counselling to pregnant mothers about safe delivery, immunization, family planning, health & sanitation etc Free transportation facility for pregnant mother
- Regular health check-up.



MAA GRUHA SHELTER HOUSE

### 3. Madani Healthcare Center

Near about 15000 people are residing in this area and about 8000 inhabitants are hailing from Below Poverty Line (BPL) category. Near about 9500 people are from muslim community and poor, downtrodden.

Madani Welfare Association has constructed a Hospital building 06 bedded at Nuasahi, Danogahir, Pipili, Puri for rural inhabitants of that area to provide basic medical needs to the common people. The building consists of Doctors Room with attached toilet, dispensing room and separate bed arrangement for male and female with attached toilets. A small place is also earmarked for pathological tests. Presently daily 125 to 150 patients are coming for medical check-up. The poor people of surrounding areas are regularly coming for health check-up.



PATIENTS STANDING IN QUEUE FOR HEALTH CHECK-UP



**DOCTOR TREATING A PATIENT** 



**HEALTH CAMP ORGANISED BY THE ORGANISATION** 

#### C.WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION

We have installed 150 nos of bore wells and a of mini water supply system for community in the rural areas. We have constructed individual house hold toilets for BPL people with the support of District Water and Sanitation Mission Puri. Individual house hold toilet for poorest of the poor not included in the BPL list were constructed with the support of Water Aid. We have organized social mobilization for the better sanitation hygiene in the project area. Workshops, public meeting, rally and cultural programme etc organized at the community level. With the support of water aid UK the organization has taken a project that is sanitation intervention in Puri District focusing Pipli and delanga block under the umbrella of United Assistance Ganjam. The organization has been assisted by Sharjah Charity International (UAE) and Muslim Global Relief (UK) in implementing water sanitation projects.

We have also worked with numerous other organisations such as UNICEF, WATER AID (UK), European Union.etc.

We have installed around 4000 numbers of individual household tube wells in the state of Odisha. We have also installed around 500 numbers of Electric community borewells for large community areas.

Main aim of the project is to provide safe drinking water to poor community who do not have any access to safe drinking water.

10 No.s of Elevated storage reservoir were also constructed.

## WATERAID (UK) with support from the European Union

Madani welfare Association as a facilitator NGO for the communities and realizing the gravity of the situation started its activities for achieving sanitation for all which will be an inclusive process, involving all stake holders at all stages, specially the local Governments, communities and grass root level institutions and groups. Therefore, to test the sustainability and establishing the community led processes it tries to develop the capacity of the different stake holders within the community. By providing

adequate trainings and exposure to the adolescent Kumari groups which are the future of the society the organization tries to develop their capacities as they able to demand and raise voices to mobilize the government resources for the society.

To have access to safe drinking water for the poor and marginalized people of the society 20 no.s of new Hand pumps were installed which helped the people in summer when the water level receded to 40 ft and Govt hand pumps failed to cater the needs of the society.

In the other hand in a direct intervention it has constructed 400 no.s of IHHLs in this year for the poorest of the poor and deprived beneficiaries of the society to gain access to sanitation facilities. In the entire process the Kumari committee has done their best efforts. The adolescent girls of the society have ample leisure time and deeply interested in social activities became an asset for the WASH activities and took the responsibility to mobilize the community for making the village open defecation free. Secondly when those Kumari girls will marry they will be act as catalytic agent in their father in law's House and village for this WASH activities.

Again, MAWA also gave the attention towards the uses of the constructed toilets by organizing community level awareness camps and meetings. It has celebrated the world toilet day and spread the awareness in the operational area. The communities, youths, women and Kumari committees were sensitized through 4 nos of capacity building programmes to promote about their water and Sanitation rights of the poorest and most marginalized people. The programmes helped ensure sustainability water sanitation facilities by empowering the members of the groups to develop community leadership and management.

In the year 2010 the organization worked closely with the communities and service providers and strengthen its understanding of working in rural areas.

In the year 2010 the organization worked for hygiene practices in schools and communities by organizing Hand washing campaigns and monitored the state govts massive hand washing campaigns in schools. The key members of the partner participated in 2 nos. of workshops of Water Aid (State Level) on management of Menstrual Hygiene. The workshop on

disaster preparedness strategy and its management organized by water Aid were attended by NGO in this year. During baseline survey the people are not aware of use of ORS to prevent from diarrheal disease and this year our coordinator demonstrated ORS use and now the community became aware of preparing ORS in their house.

Handwashing campaigns were also organised in the area. Proper steps that should be taken in order to the hands can be germ free were taught to the people through proper training. After coming from the Toilet hand washing must be compulsorily done was also said to the people.



Hand Washing Campaign by our organisation



Hand Washing Campaign by our organisation



Students Training Programme regarding Proper Hand Washing



Community Training programme for hand washing



**Hand Washing Campaign** 



**INDIVIDUAL TUBEWELL** 







**ELEVATED WATER STORAGE TANK** 

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#### Opinion

## 'Hand to mouth' existence

Nitya Jacob | | Updated on March 12, 2018 | Published on October 15, 2014



Good habits Make for a healthy life K Ananthan

October 15 was Global Hand-Washing Day. And, hand-washing is the most effective way to prevent several diseases

Global Hand Washing Day is celebrated on October 15 every year. Since 2008, millions of children in thousands of schools across the country have marked the day by washing their hands with soap following a carefully demonstrated procedure. However, little is done beyond this day to inculcate the habit. This is due to a lack of interest among teachers, poor hygiene education and absence of soap, water and a place to wash.

Hand-washing is the single most effective preventive for diarrhoea and acute respiratory infections, leading killers of children worldwide. Studies by different agencies and the Government show washing hands at the correct time can

prevent 47 per cent of the cases of diarrhoea and prevent a quarter of the resultant diseases. It can also cut the risk of respiratory tract infections by a third. As published in The Lancet, additional research indicates that washing hands with soap can reduce the risk of diarrhoeal diseases by 42-47 per cent and interventions to promote hand-washing might save a million lives.

However, people do not wash their hands with soap; in most households, soap is available but used for bathing and washing clothes. To be effective, this activity must be performed with ash or soap. Dirt will not do since it does not increase the cleaning efficacy of water and may well be contaminated with faecal matter, given that in India, some 620 million defecate in the open.

#### Children most vulnerable

Even though washing hands after defecating and before cooking or eating sounds like common sense, most people do not wash their hands with soap or ash. This leaves them and their children more vulnerable to disease. Studies have recorded many different occasions for hand-washing by child carers, children and adults. They found that washing after stool contact was relatively rare; after cleaning a child, it was 13 per cent; for the carer after defecation it was 14 per cent. This is significant since children are an important reservoir of diarrhoeal pathogens and the carer is often the person who prepares and serves food.



States to build

HINDU BUSINESS LINE NEWS PAPER

Children most vulnerable

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A technical note by WaterAid says pathogens enter a person's mouth from unwashed hands directly and indirectly if the person has touched stools. Children are especially vulnerable. Pathogens can enter through food and water that has been handled with unwashed hands.

Schools are the best place to promote hand-washing with soap. The mid-day meal programme that caters to 120 million school children, is an important vehicle for promoting hand washing with soap. This is reiterated by the Ministry of Drinking Water Supply (MDWS) that has promoted hand-washing with soap as a key hygiene practice. In the current sanitation campaign, school sanitation has been handed over to the Ministry of Human Resource Development.

Promoting the habit

These hygienic practices, once learnt in school, can be inculcated into household hand-washing with soap practices. A study with a sampling of schools showed about 42 per cent of school children are aware of the need to wash hands with soap, but only 12 per cent of schools have soap available. Even hand-washing stations with water are in short supply.

In recent years, there have been several attempts to inculcate the habit. In Assam, the Public Health Engineering Department (PHED) and Unicef worked with the North-East Diocesan Social Forum in 11 districts. In Tamil Nadu, Gramalaya mounted a campaign with WaterAid and Water.org in three blocks of the Tiruchirapalli districtIn Orissa, an NGO called Udyama organised a hand-washing event for 200 children and 15 parents and teachers. Another NGO, Pragati, held another event covering 650 students and 30 students. The Madani Welfare Association covered 5,000 people. eight schools and 15 villages. In Jammu, the Society for Popularisation of Science and Progressive Educational Society took up the issue. In Bhopal, the Madhya Pradesh the Energy Environment and Development Society along with Unicef developed a mobile unit approach to create mass awareness. This year, WaterAid India as part of its technical assistance to the Government of Madhya Pradesh aims to get 2.3 million children in 19,000 schools of the State to wash their hands in one hour. The challenge will be sustain the momentum created through the year.

The writer heads the policy advocacy and research wing at WaterAid India

Published on October 15, 2014

### D. SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE & TRAINING

MAWA's intervention in the domain of agriculture has benefited the farmer in a large. The programmes cover themes such as preparation and use of organic fertilizer, vegetable farming, and upland paddy cultivation, land improvement, other modern techniques on agriculture. etc. The training programme on agriculture is given to farmers groups of Pipili, Bisam Cuttack & Khurda Block. A total no. of 15 farmers club have been formed in Rayagada district and capacity building programmes where organized with the assistance of NABARDS. PRI training has been conducted in Pipili block in this financial year with the support of State Institute of Rural Development ,Odisha. Fruit bearing plantation has been done in Khurda district with the support of Muslim Global Relief (UK).

## E. Disaster Preparedness and Management

The activities of MAWA in the flood affected areas of coastal Orissa have continued and disaster preparedness committees were formed. During rainy season our volunteers were remain alert for emergency relief in case of any calamities. Mock Drill programme has been done in pipli Block before the rainy season.

## F. IFTARI PROGRAMME

MAWA has organized Iftar during the month of Ramadan villages with discussion regarding the moral values, humanity, Good behaviour etc aspects in different community centres. Food packets were distributed to the poor people in this occasion in different localities.



**VHWC PROGRAMME ORGANISED BY MAWA** 



WORLD FAMOUS PIPILI APPLIQUE SKILL TRAINING BY MAWA



**Monthy Grocery Kit Distribution** 



People standing in queue for monthy grocery kit

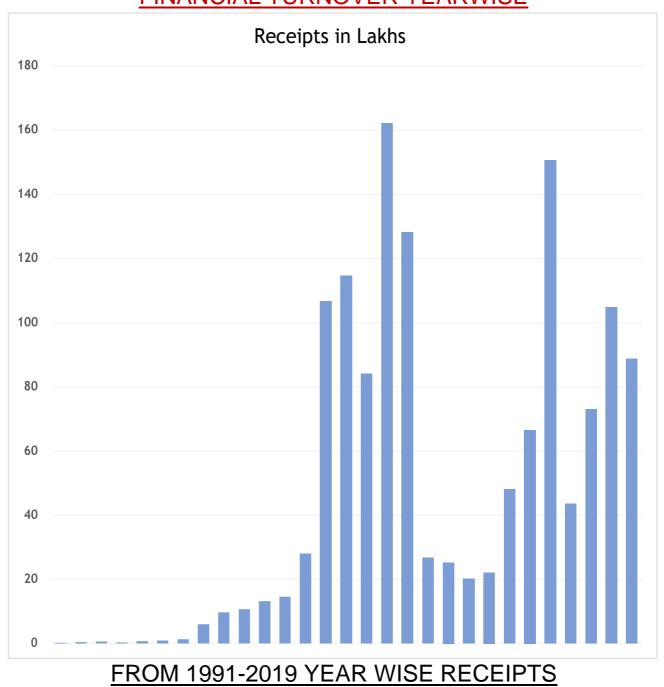
## **OUR STRENGTH**

Permanent Staff: 25 NO.S

Part-Time Staff: 60 NO.S

**VOLUNTEERS**: 75 NO.S

## **FINANCIAL TURNOVER YEARWISE**



## **OUR PARTNERS**



































unicef for every child